

An electron micrograph showing a cross-section of a biological membrane. The image displays several layers of varying electron density. A prominent, dark, wavy band runs diagonally across the upper portion of the image. Below this band, there is a lighter, more granular region. The labels 'CPUF' and 'CYOS' are positioned in the lower-left area, with a diagonal line separating them. The overall texture is highly detailed, showing the intricate structure of the membrane components.

CPUF

CYOS

Determined to help the people who do not eat coriander to gain public recognition, try to let those who can eat coriander experience the feelings of those who do not eat coriander



NO
CORIANDER



Introduction

We provide protection and help for people who do not eat coriander, and provide popular science knowledge to the masses, so that people who do not understand can feel the strange smell of coriander.

我们提供对不吃香菜人群的保护和帮助，科普相关知识给群众，让理解不了的人感受并尝试香菜的怪味

PUF



There are about 40 kinds of compounds in coriander leaves. Among them, 82 are aldehydes, and 17 are alcohols. These aldehyde compounds are mainly composed of nine carbons and ten carbons. This is the main source of the strong smell of coriander, which is like "soap smell" to some people. There are similar aldehydes in soaps and cleaning fluids.